





# SMALL GRANTS PROGRAMME RESULTS REPORT (FY 2017-2022)

**TUVALU** 

### COUNTRY REPORT CARD FY 2017 - 2022

Country Programme Name	Tuvalu						
Year Started		2016					
Portfolio Profile	GEF	Non-GEF	Total				
Number of projects	18	-	18				
Grant amount committed	391,583	-	391,583				
Project level co-financing in cash	15,369	-	15,369				
Project level co-financing in kind	165,391	-	165,391				
Total co-financing *			180,760				

Source: SGP database as of July 2022

<sup>\*</sup> Total co-financing = Total project level co-financing (in cash and in kind) + Non-GEF grant amount committed

	July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019	July 2019 - June 2020	July 2020 - June 2021	July 2021 - June 2022	Total Value 2016 - 2022			
Focal Area Distribution (by completed projects)										
Biodiversity	-	-	-	-	-	1	1			
Climate Change	-	-	-	-	-	1	1			
Land Degradation	-	-	-	-	-	1	1			
Capacity Development	-	-	-	-	7	-	7			
<b>Total Projects Completed</b>	-	-	-	-	7	3	10			

Source: Reporting by Country Programme as part of Annual Monitoring Process (2016-2022)

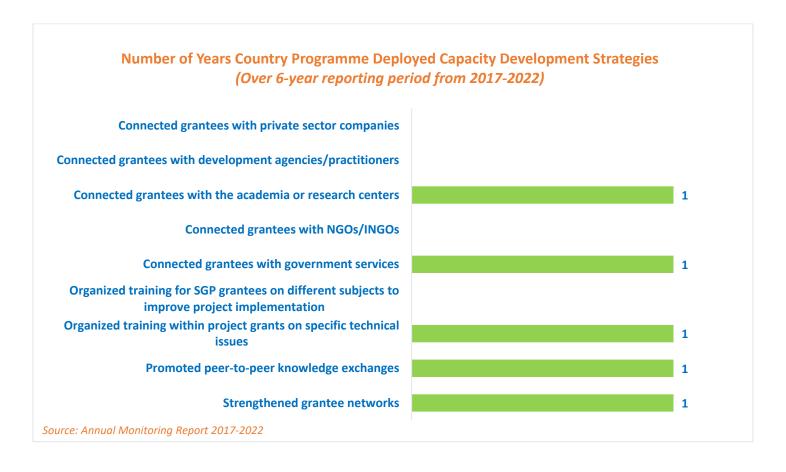
	July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019	July 2019 - June 2020	July 2020 - June 2021	July 2021 - June 2022	Total Value 2016 - 2022 **
** Kindly note figures in column "Total Value 2016-202 removal of duplicative data over time and/or inclusion					aggregation of r	esults over time	This includes
PROGRESS TOWARDS FOCAL AREA OBJ	ECTIVES						
Biodiversity							
Number of biodiversity projects completed	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Number of Indigenous and Community Conserved Areas and Territories (ICCAs) positively influenced	-	_	_	_	_	1	1
Number of biodiversity based products sustainably produced	-	-	-	-	-	5	5
Climate Change							
Number of climate change projects completed	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Did the country programme address community- level barriers to deployment of low-GHG technologies? (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	No	Yes	1
Number of typologies of community-oriented, locally adapted energy access solutions with successful demonstrations or scaling up and replication	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Number of communities achieving energy access with locally adapted community solutions, with co-benefits estimated and valued	_	_	_	_	_	1	2
Breakdown of projects							
Low carbon technology and renewable energy projects	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Land Degradation							
Number of land degradation projects completed	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Number of farmer organizations, groups or networks disseminating climate-smart agroecological practices	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

	July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019	July 2019 - June 2020	July 2020 - June 2021	July 2021 - June 2022	Total Value 2016 - 2022 **	
Capacity Development								
Number of capacity development projects completed	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	
Number of civil society organizations with strengthened capacities	-	-	-	-	3	-	7	
Number of community based organizations with strengthened capacities	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	
Number of people with improved capacities to address global environmental issues at the community level	_	-	_	-	45	_	45	
GRANTMAKER PLUS								
CSO-Government Dialogue								
Number of CSO-government dialogues supported	1	,	-	-	4	-	4	
Number of CSO/CBO representatives involved in the dialogues	_	-	_	_	5	_	5	
Gender								
Number of gender responsive completed projects	-	-	-	-	6	3	9	
Number of completed projects led by women	-	-	-	-	2	2	4	
Programme Management: NSC gender focal point (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	2	
Indigenous Peoples				T		T		
Number of completed projects that included indigenous peoples	-	-	-	-	2	2	4	
Number of indigenous leaders with improved capacities	-		-	-	4	2	6	
Ways to encourage IP projects								
Proposals accepted using participatory video (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	Yes	No	1	
Involved indigenous peoples in NSC and/or TAG (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	2	

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Enhanced outreach and networking with indigenous people's groups (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	2
Youth							
Number of completed projects that included youth	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
Number of youth organizations	-	-	-	-	2	1	3
Programme Management: NSC youth focal point (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	No	Yes	1
Persons with Disability							
Number of disabled persons organizations	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
<b>BROADER ADOPTION (Scaling up, Repli</b>	cation, Polic	y Influence,	Improving L	ivelihoods)			
Projects replicated or scaled up	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Projects with policy influence	-	-	-	-	1	1	6
Projects improving livelihoods of communities	-	-	-	-	-	4	6
PROGRAMME EFFECTIVENESS							
Peer-to-peer exchanges conducted	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Community-level trainings conducted	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Number of projects monitored through field visits	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT							
National Steering Committee							
Number of NSC meetings occurred during the reporting period	-	-	-	-	6	6	12
Average number of NSC members that participated in each NSC meeting		-			10	8	9

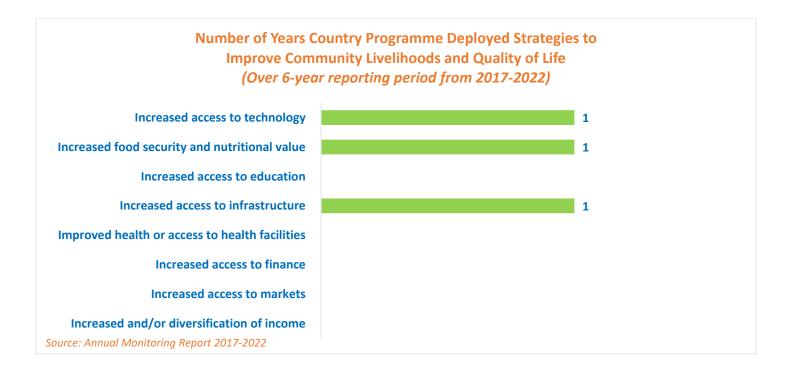
#### GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION OF KEY RESULTS

Interpreting the Green Bars in Graphs: The presence of green bars indicates the number of years that the country programme has achieved specific results. If a green bar is absent, it signifies that while the associated result is not observed in the country programme, it is still evident in the overall aggregated SGP portfolio.



## Number of Years Country Programme Deployed Gender Mainsreaming Strategies (Over 6-year reporting period from 2017-2022)





## Number of Years Country Programme Addressed Sustainable Development Goals (Over 6-year reporting period from 2017-2022)



#### METHODOLOGICAL CONSIDERATIONS

All results are aggregated reflecting projects completed and are consistent with SGP results generated in past years.

With SGP's rolling modality, results reflect all ongoing operational phases during the indicated period. Please refer to the total projects completed on the first page for information in this regard.

The source of reported results is the annual monitoring process, which is part of the annual monitoring requirements for each country programme. Additionally, evaluative evidence sources have also been leveraged, if available for the country programme.

This results report benefits from extensive quality assurance. All information across all countries in the portfolio is harmonized, verified, and evidenced before being reported. Several layers of this quality assurance have been implemented in the generation of this report, and there are no result duplications across years. This point is important not only for the specific unit of measurement (i.e., indicator selected) but also for results aggregation across years in a given operational phase. Results reported across all countries have been treated uniformly to ensure overall standardization and methodological soundness.

Reported results include both direct and indirect global-environmental and socio-economic benefits. This is due to SGP's work in two key areas:

- SGP works towards behavioral change at individual, organizational, and community levels. Social determinants that shape human interaction with the environment play an important role, especially at the community level, as sustainability and the continuation of environmental gains often depend on them. These factors include positive shifts in knowledge, attitudes, practices, social and cultural norms, and conventions. Such interventions shape not only demand but also communication between community leaders and other influencers in promoting the adoption of environmentally friendly behaviors and practices. Often, SGP projects have ripple effects that go well beyond the direct scope of the project, emphasizing the importance of measuring indirect impact.
- Encouraging Community Action for Environmental Change. For many years, SGP has focused on promoting and supporting local community groups to bring about broader and sustainable environmental change. This approach is a key aspect of SGP's work and recognizes the power of motivated community groups to create significant impact and drive positive transformation. Community group action refers to informal gatherings of individuals and organizations in the community who share a common belief and purpose. It involves taking practical steps over time to address environmental and socioeconomic challenges and creating positive change. This grassroots-level approach relies on the active involvement and empowerment of the community, with the initial efforts acting as a catalyst for further mobilization. By encouraging self-governance and involving those most affected by the issues, community action can extend its influence to more people in the community, underscoring the importance of measuring indirect impact.