



SMALL GRANTS PROGRAMME RESULTS REPORT (FY 2017-2022)

NAURU



COUNTRY REPORT CARD JULY 2016 - JUNE 2022

Country Programme Name	Nauru						
Year Started	2016						
Portfolio Profile	GEF	Non-GEF	Total				
Number of projects	11	-	11				
Grant amount committed	942972	-	942,972				
Project level co-financing in cash	-	-	-				
Project level co-financing in kind	-	-	-				
Total co-financing *			-				
Source: SGP database as of July 2022							
* Total co-financing = Total project level co-financing (in cash and in kind) + Non-GEF grant							
amount committed							

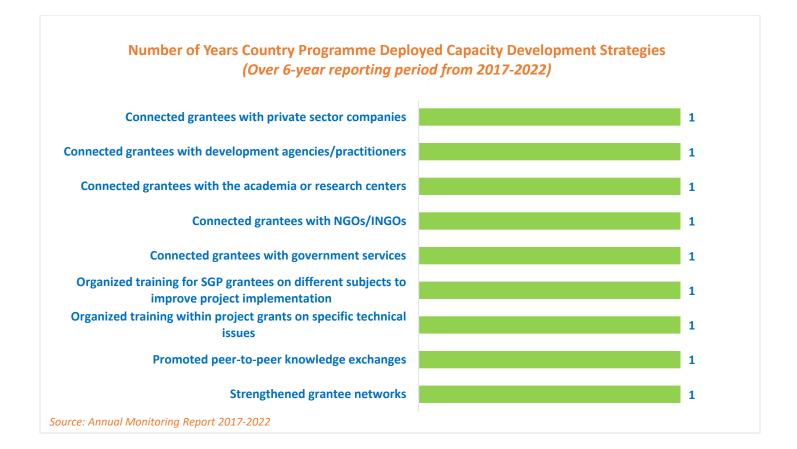
	July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019	July 2019 - June 2020	July 2020 - June 2021	July 2021 - June 2022	Total Value 2016 - 2022 **	
** Kindly note figures in column "Total Value 2016-2022" have undergone comprehensive quality assurance that supports aggregation of results over time. This includes removal of duplicative data over time and/or inclusion of more results based on verification by SGP country teams.								
PROGRESS TOWARDS FOCAL AREA OBJECTIVES								
Climate Change								
Hectares of forests and non-forest								
lands with restoration and								
enhancement of carbon stocks								
initiated through completed projects	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	
Number of typologies of community-								
oriented, locally adapted energy								
access solutions with successful								
demonstrations or scaling up and								
replication	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	
Number of communities achieving								
energy access with locally adapted								
community solutions, with co-								
benefits estimated and valued	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	
Number of households achieving								
energy access co-benefits								
(ecosystem effects, income, health								
and others)	-	-	-	-	-	100	100	
Capacity Development				1	ſ	T		
Number of civil society organizations								
with strengthened capacities	-	-	-	-	-	14	14	
Number of community based								
organizations with strengthened								
capacities	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	
Number of people with improved								
capacities to address global								
environmental issues at the								
community level	-	-	-	-	-	1,000	1,000	
GRANTMAKER PLUS								
CSO-Government Dialogue								
Number of CSO-government								
dialogues supported	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	

	July 2016 -	July 2017 -	July 2018 -	July 2019 -	July 2020 -	July 2021 -	Total Value
	June 2017	June 2018	June 2019	June 2020	June 2021	June 2022	2016 - 2022 **
Number of CSO/CBO representatives involved in the dialogues	-	-	-	-	-	18	18
Gender							
Programme Management: NSC gender focal point (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	1
Indigenous Peoples					·		
Number of completed projects that included indigenous peoples	-	-	-	-	-	10	10
Number of indigenous leaders with improved capacities	-	-	-	-	-	5	5
Programme Management: NSC IP focal point (yes/no)	-	-	-	_	-	Yes	1
Ways to encourage IP projects					• 		
Proposals accepted in local languages (yes/no)	_	_	_	_		Yes	1
Proposals accepted using	-	-	-	-	-	165	
participatory video (yes/no)	-	-	_	_	-	Yes	1
Involved indigenous peoples in NSC							
and/or TAG (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	1
Enhanced outreach and networking with indigenous people's groups							
(yes/no)	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	1
Youth							
Number of completed projects that included youth	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
Programme Management: NSC youth focal point (yes/no)	_	-	-	-	-	Yes	1
Persons with Disability							
Number of disabled persons							
organizations		-	-	-	-	18	18
BROADER ADOPTION (Scaling	up, Replicati	on, Policy Infl	uence, Impro	ving Livelihoo	ods)		
Projects replicated or scaled up	-	-	-	-	-	10	10
Projects with policy influence	-	-	-	-	-	10	10
Projects improving livelihoods of communities	-	-	-	-	-	10	10

	July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019	July 2019 - June 2020	July 2020 - June 2021	July 2021 - June 2022	Total Value 2016 - 2022 **
PROGRAMME EFFECTIVENESS	6						
Peer-to-peer exchanges conducted	-	-	-	-	-	25	25
Community-level trainings conducted	-	-	-	-	-	18	18
Number of project monitoring visits	-	-	-	-	-	8	8
PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT	•						
National Steering Committee							
Number of NSC meetings occurred during the reporting period	-	-	-	-	-	10	10
Average number of NSC members that participated in each NSC							
meeting	-	-	-	-	-	10	10
Average time in days needed to replace NSC member	-	-	-	-	-	5	5

GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION OF KEY RESULTS

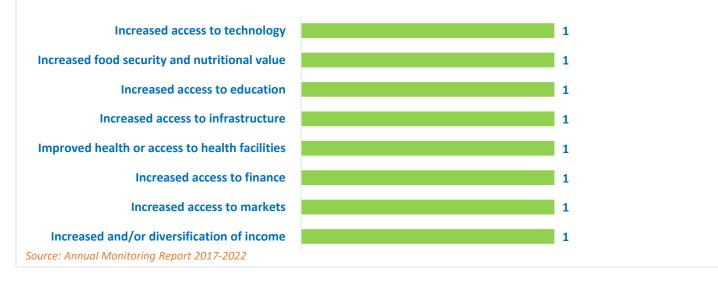
Interpreting the Green Bars in Graphs: The presence of green bars indicates the number of years that the country programme has achieved specific results. If a green bar is absent, it signifies that while the associated result is not observed in the country programme, it is still evident in the overall aggregated SGP portfolio.



Number of Years Country Programme Deployed Gender Mainsreaming Strategies (Over 6-year reporting period from 2017-2022)



Number of Years Country Programme Deployed Strategies to Improve Community Livelihoods and Quality of Life (Over 6-year reporting period from 2017-2022)





Number of Years Country Programme Addressed Sustainable Development Goals (Over 6-year reporting period from 2017-2022)



METHODOLOGICAL CONSIDERATIONS

All results are aggregated reflecting projects completed and are consistent with SGP results generated in past years.

With SGP's rolling modality, results reflect all ongoing operational phases during the indicated period. Please refer to the total projects completed on the first page for information in this regard.

The source of reported results is the annual monitoring process, which is part of the annual monitoring requirements for each country programme. Additionally, evaluative evidence sources have also been leveraged, if available for the country programme.

This results report benefits from extensive quality assurance. All information across all countries in the portfolio is harmonized, verified, and evidenced before being reported. Several layers of this quality assurance have been implemented in the generation of this report, and there are no result duplications across years. This point is important not only for the specific unit of measurement (i.e., indicator selected) but also for results aggregation across years in a given operational phase. Results reported across all countries have been treated uniformly to ensure overall standardization and methodological soundness.

Reported results include both direct and indirect global-environmental and socio-economic benefits. This is due to SGP's work in two key areas:

- SGP works towards behavioral change at individual, organizational, and community levels. Social determinants that shape human interaction with the environment play an important role, especially at the community level, as sustainability and the continuation of environmental gains often depend on them. These factors include positive shifts in knowledge, attitudes, practices, social and cultural norms, and conventions. Such interventions shape not only demand but also communication between community leaders and other influencers in promoting the adoption of environmentally friendly behaviors and practices. Often, SGP projects have ripple effects that go well beyond the direct scope of the project, emphasizing the importance of measuring indirect impact.
- Encouraging Community Action for Environmental Change. For many years, SGP has focused on promoting and supporting local community groups to bring about broader and sustainable environmental change. This approach is a key aspect of SGP's work and recognizes the power of motivated community groups to create significant impact and drive positive transformation. Community group action refers to informal gatherings of individuals and organizations in the community who share a common belief and purpose. It involves taking practical steps over time to address environmental and socioeconomic challenges and creating positive change. This grassroots-level approach relies on the active involvement and empowerment of the community, with the initial efforts acting as a catalyst for further mobilization. By encouraging self-governance and involving those most affected by the issues, community action can extend its influence to more people in the community, underscoring the importance of measuring indirect impact.