





SMALL GRANTS PROGRAMME RESULTS REPORT (FY 2017-2022)

BANGLADESH

COUNTRY REPORT CARD JULY 2016 - JUNE 2022

Country Programme Name	Bangladesh				
Year Started	NA				
Portfolio Profile	GEF	Non-GEF	Total		
Number of projects	1	-	1		
Grant amount committed	24,118	-	24,118		
Project level co-financing in cash	-	-	-		
Project level co-financing in kind	-	-	-		
Total co-financing *			-		

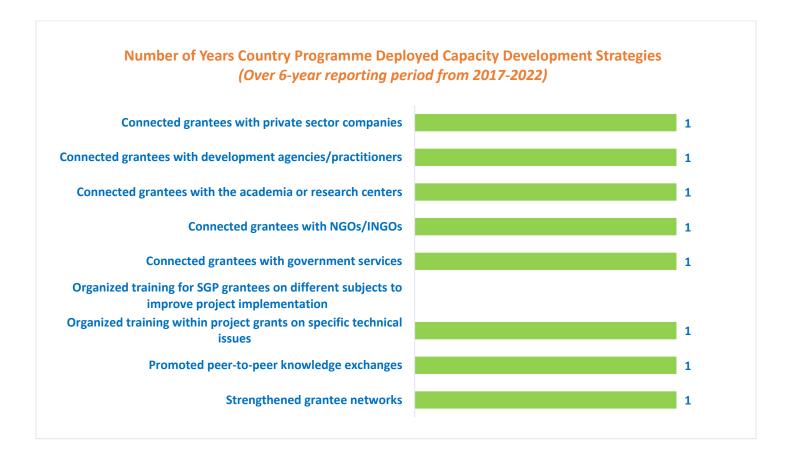
Source: SGP database as of July 2022

^{*} Total co-financing = Total project level co-financing (in cash and in kind) + Non-GEF grant amount committed

	July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019	July 2019 - June 2020	July 2020 - June 2021	July 2021 - June 2022	Total Value 2016 - 2022 **
** Kindly note figures in column "Total Value 2016- removal of duplicative data over time and/or inclus						tion of results over	time. This includes
GRANTMAKER PLUS			·	·			
CSO-Government Dialogue							
Number of CSO-government dialogues supported	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
Number of CSO/CBO representatives involved in the dialogues	-	-	-	-	-	60	60
Gender							
Programme Management: NSC gender focal point (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	1
Indigenous Peoples							
Programme Management: NSC IP focal point (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	1
Youth							
Programme Management: NSC youth focal point (yes/no)	-	-	-	-	-	Yes	1
PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT							
National Steering Committee							
Number of NSC meetings occurred during the reporting period	-	_	_	-	-	3	3

GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION OF KEY RESULTS

Interpreting the Green Bars in Graphs: The presence of green bars indicates the number of years that the country programme has achieved specific results. If a green bar is absent, it signifies that while the associated result is not observed in the country programme, it is still evident in the overall aggregated SGP portfolio.



Number of Years Country Programme Addressed Sustainable Development Goals (Over 6-year reporting period from 2017-2022)

Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere	1
Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture	1
Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	
Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	
Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	
Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	
Goal 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all	
Goal 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	
Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation	
Goal 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries	
Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	
Goal 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns	
Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts	
Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development	
Goal 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and Goal 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all	1
Goal 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development	

METHODOLOGICAL CONSIDERATIONS

All results are aggregated reflecting projects completed and are consistent with SGP results generated in past years.

With SGP's rolling modality, results reflect all ongoing operational phases during the indicated period. Please refer to the total projects completed on the first page for information in this regard.

The source of reported results is the annual monitoring process, which is part of the annual monitoring requirements for each country programme. Additionally, evaluative evidence sources have also been leveraged, if available for the country programme.

This results report benefits from extensive quality assurance. All information across all countries in the portfolio is harmonized, verified, and evidenced before being reported. Several layers of this quality assurance have been implemented in the generation of this report, and there are no result duplications across years. This point is important not only for the specific unit of measurement (i.e., indicator selected) but also for results aggregation across years in a given operational phase. Results reported across all countries have been treated uniformly to ensure overall standardization and methodological soundness.

Reported results include both direct and indirect global-environmental and socio-economic benefits. This is due to SGP's work in two key areas:

- SGP works towards behavioral change at individual, organizational, and community levels. Social determinants that shape human interaction with the environment play an important role, especially at the community level, as sustainability and the continuation of environmental gains often depend on them. These factors include positive shifts in knowledge, attitudes, practices, social and cultural norms, and conventions. Such interventions shape not only demand but also communication between community leaders and other influencers in promoting the adoption of environmentally friendly behaviors and practices. Often, SGP projects have ripple effects that go well beyond the direct scope of the project, emphasizing the importance of measuring indirect impact.
- Encouraging Community Action for Environmental Change. For many years, SGP has focused on promoting and supporting local community groups to bring about broader and sustainable environmental change. This approach is a key aspect of SGP's work and recognizes the power of motivated community groups to create significant impact and drive positive transformation. Community group action refers to informal gatherings of individuals and organizations in the community who share a common belief and purpose. It involves taking practical steps over time to address environmental and socioeconomic challenges and creating positive change. This grassroots-level approach relies on the active involvement and empowerment of the community, with the initial efforts acting as a catalyst for further mobilization. By encouraging self-governance and involving those most affected by the issues, community action can extend its influence to more people in the community, underscoring the importance of measuring indirect impact.